
































Term Autumn 1	Reception	Year 1	Year 2
RE is... 	RE is learning about people. All people are special, and can believe and celebrate different things.	RE is learning about and respecting people's different beliefs. All people are special and can believe and celebrate different things.	RE is making connections between different religions and their special people, beliefs, ideas and symbols.
The Big Question 	What is the Harvest Festival? (2 hours)	<u>Caring for Others</u> How can you care for other people?	Nature and God - Who's responsibility is it to look after nature?
Knowledge and Skills 	Crops are grown by farmers; these are cut down; this is known as harvesting. At school, food is collected to share with less fortunate people. These are called donations.	The Raksha Bandhan bracelet – bond of love. The Good Samaritan is a Christian story which teaches us about kindness. A samaritan is a someone who helps people in need. The story of The Monkey King teaches us that making a sacrifice can help other people.	Can I recall the Christian Creation Story Why is Harvest important to Christians What does the story of the Boy who Threw Stones teach Muslims? What is the message in the story Prince Siddhartha and Swan? Key knowledge- Buddhists, Muslims and Christians are taught to look after nature. Christians believe God made the world in 7 days. Harvest festival is a Christian celebration to give thanks for the harvest. Make comparisons with different religions
Vocabulary 	Share Crops Autumn Donations	Hindus, Hinduism, Christian, Christianity, Bible, Jesus, Buddhist, Buddhism, consequences,	Creation, patience,
Cultural Capital 	Learn the 'Big Red Combine Harvester' song Watch Year 2 performance		Harvest festival whole school show
Learning links 	Science- growing crops Geography- farms PSED- helping others	Jigsaw PSED – relationships Geography – places from around the world.	

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The Big Question 	<u>How are different festivals celebrated?</u> Bonfire night Diwali Christmas Hannuka- Music		<u>Gifts and Giving</u> Why are gifts given during Eid and Christmas?	Celebrations of Light and Dark - Why is light important in people's faith?
Knowledge and Skills 	Diwali is a Hindu celebration. Diwali is the festival of light; it symbolises light overcoming dark. Hindu's visit a temple to celebrate.	Christmas is a Christian festival. Mary and Joseph travelled to Bethlehem to have baby Jesus. Christians visit a church to celebrate Christmas.	Eid is the festival of breaking the fast after Ramadan. It lasts for 3 days. Eid is celebrated by going to the mosque and having a special feast. You would see money boxes, mehndi and food such as dates and samosas.	Rama and Sita story is important to Hindus as it links to the celebration of Diwali. Some non-religious people celebrate the Winter Solstice. I can say what Advent means. I can talk about how people prepare for Christmas in different ways.
Vocabulary 	Diwali, Hindu Christian, nativity Celebration		Eid, Ramadan, fasting, Quran, Mosque Church, Bible, nativity, Jesus, carols	Hinduism, Diwali Celebration, festival Christmas, tradition, nativity
Cultural Capital 	Diwali afternoon Playdough Diva Lamps Nativity performance		Watching nativity plays Diwali Afternoon	Carol Service at the Church

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The Big Question 	How is Chinese New Year celebrated?	Friendship How do religious stories teach us to be a good friend?	Rules and Routines - Why do we have rules and routines?
Knowledge and Skills 	Chinese New Year is based on the story of the great race. Each year a different animal from the race is celebrated. Chinese New Year is celebrated by people watching parades, eating special food and sharing gifts.	We might not always agree with our friends but that is okay. We must listen to and respect the ideas of others, even if they are not the same as ours. There are lots of religious stories about friendship.	Rules and routines help people know what to do and stay safe and happy. Christianity and Judaism share the Ten Commandments, which are important religious rules. Islam teaches the Five Pillars, which are important duties for Muslims. Humanists don't follow religious rules but make decisions based on empathy, reason, and respect. Rules and routines help guide behaviour in both religious and everyday life.
Vocabulary 	Chinese New Year Dragon Parade	Hindu, Hinduism Christian, Bible, Jesus, Disciples Consequence, actions	Rules, routines, rewards, consequences. Religion, Christian, Bible, Ten commandments, Islam, Muslim, Humanism
Cultural Capital 	Chinese New Year parade around the school Trying Chinese food		

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The Big Question 	What celebrations happen during Spring?	<u>Easter and Surprises</u> Why is Easter important for Christians?	Beginnings and Endings - Does every story have a beginning and an ending?		
Knowledge and Skills 	Spring is the start of something new. There are different religious celebrations during Spring time. <table border="1" data-bbox="286 769 898 1145"> <tr> <td data-bbox="286 769 593 1145"> Easter is a Christian festival. Christians believe Jesus was reborn at Easter. People celebrate Easter by going to church and sharing easter eggs. Eggs represent new life. Eid is an Islamic festival. Muslims celebrate with a feast with family and friends. Muslims visit a mosque. </td> <td data-bbox="593 769 898 1145"> Holi is a Hindu festival. Hindus believe that Vishnu defeated the evil king. Hindus celebrate Holi by going to the temple and throwing colourful powder. The colours represent love. </td> </tr> </table>	Easter is a Christian festival. Christians believe Jesus was reborn at Easter. People celebrate Easter by going to church and sharing easter eggs. Eggs represent new life. Eid is an Islamic festival. Muslims celebrate with a feast with family and friends. Muslims visit a mosque.	Holi is a Hindu festival. Hindus believe that Vishnu defeated the evil king. Hindus celebrate Holi by going to the temple and throwing colourful powder. The colours represent love.	Holy Week is the most important week in the Christian Calendar. The Easter Story consists of Palm Sunday, Maundy Thursday, Good Friday and Easter Sunday. Christian people all over the world celebrate Easter in many different ways.	Beginnings and endings can make people feel happy, sad, excited or nervous. Muslims have a celebration called Eid to mark the end of Ramadan . Christians begin their faith journey with a special event called baptism . Easter is a Christian celebration of new life and Jesus coming back to life .
Easter is a Christian festival. Christians believe Jesus was reborn at Easter. People celebrate Easter by going to church and sharing easter eggs. Eggs represent new life. Eid is an Islamic festival. Muslims celebrate with a feast with family and friends. Muslims visit a mosque.	Holi is a Hindu festival. Hindus believe that Vishnu defeated the evil king. Hindus celebrate Holi by going to the temple and throwing colourful powder. The colours represent love.				
Vocabulary 	Holi, Hindu, Temple Easter, Christian, Church Eid, Muslim, Mosque	Easter, Christians, Christianity, festival, death, crucifixion, resurrection, Holy Week, Jesus, Palm Sunday, palm leaves, disciples,	Beginning, ending, celebrate, Ramadan, Eid, Baptism, Easter, Christian, Muslim,		
Cultural Capital 	Eid/ Easter party.	Easter egg hunt – FOHIS Taste of Eid Afternoon	Easter Egg Hunt – FOHIS Taste of Eid Afternoon		

Term Summer 1	Reception	Year 1	Year 2
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The Big Question 	<u>Traditional Tales from Around the World.</u> Why are stories important? Anasi (Ghana) Cinderella and the Nile (Egypt) Where the Night Came From (Brazil)	<u>Religion and Rituals</u> Why are rituals important?	Ceremonies – What happens at a ceremony?
Knowledge and Skills 	Stories help us learn traditions. Countries around the world, have different traditions. Traditions are passed down, using stories. Skill – UTW - Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling. PSED - Think about the perspectives of others.	Rituals are a sequence of actions which happen in a special order. Rituals help people to focus on God. Salat is a ritual followed by Muslims. It means that they must pray 5 times per day. Holy Communion is a ritual followed by Christians. They eat a small piece of bread and take a sip of wine or grape juice.	Name something that happens in a baby ceremony or wedding. A ceremony is a special event. Different people have different ceremonies. Ceremonies can include special clothes, actions, and words. Ceremonies can show love, thanks, or happiness.
Vocabulary 		Ritual, Salat, mosque, Muslim, Islam, Mecca, gesture, Holy Communion, Christianity, church	Ceremony, celebrate, gift, charity Muslim Islam Hindu Hinduism
Cultural Capital 			

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The Big Question 	Places of Worship - Hajj What is a pilgrimage?	Places of Worship Why are places of worship important?	Places of worship - What does a place of worship look like?
Knowledge and Skills 	Muslims believe they should travel on a long journey to a special place at least once in their lives. This is called a pilgrimage (long journey). Hajj is a pilgrimage to Mecca. Skill – UTW Recognise that people have different beliefs and celebrate special times in different ways. PSED - Think about the perspectives of others.	Worship - showing love or respect to something or someone. People who belong to a religion often worship God or Gods. Place of worship -where believers go to pray, learn about religion and spend time together. Hindu place of worship is a mandir. The towers remind Hindus that their spirits will reach Heaven. Christians believe in one God who created the world and the all people. The Christians place of worship is called a church. Churches are often in the shape of a cross.	A place of worship is a special building where people pray or think quietly . Muslims go to a mosque . Buddhists go to a temple . Places of worship are quiet, peaceful, and special to the people who go there. People show respect in places of worship (e.g. taking off shoes, being quiet).
Vocabulary 	Muslim Pilgrimage Hajj Mecca	Murtis, yantras, karma, font, Holy Communion.	Place of worship, respect, mosque, temple, Allah, Quran, prayer mat, dome, Buddhist, Buddha, statue, temple,
Learning Links 	UTW – learning about other communities, placing Mecca on a map, thinking about a journey they would go on. PSED – life cycle, importance of an event to happen in their lives.	Geography – Locating our nearest church – St Cosmos in Keymer and our nearest Mandir – Shree Swaminarayan Mandir Bhuj located in Portslade.	